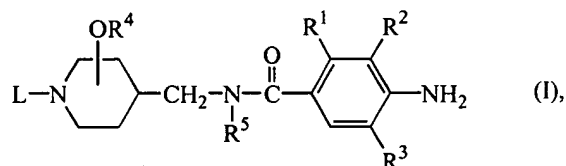


Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1. (Previously presented) A compound of formula (I)



a stereochemically isomeric form thereof, an *N*-oxide form thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid or base addition salt thereof, wherein

R¹ and R² taken together form a bivalent radical of formula

-O-CH₂-O- (a-1),

-O-CH₂-CH₂- (a-2),

-O-CH₂-CH₂-O- (a-3),

-O-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂- (a-4),

-O-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-O- (a-5),

-O-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂- (a-6),

wherein in said bivalent radicals one or two hydrogen atoms may be substituted with C₁-6alkyl,

R³ is hydrogen or halo;

R⁴ is hydrogen or C₁-6alkyl;

R⁵ is hydrogen or C₁-6alkyl;

L is C₃-6cycloalkyl, C₅-6cycloalkanone, or C₂-6alkenyl,

or L is a radical of formula

- Alk-R⁶ (b-1),
- Alk-X-R⁷ (b-2),
- Alk-Y-C(=O)-R⁹ (b-3), or
- Alk-Y-C(=O)-NR¹¹R¹² (b-4),

wherein each Alk is C₁₋₁₂alkanediyl; and

R⁶ is hydrogen, hydroxy, cyano, C₁₋₆alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, C₅₋₆cycloalkanone, or Het¹;

R⁷ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, or Het²;

X is O, S, SO₂ or NR⁸; said R⁸ being hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl;

R⁹ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy or hydroxy;

Y is NR¹⁰ or a direct bond; said R¹⁰ being hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl;

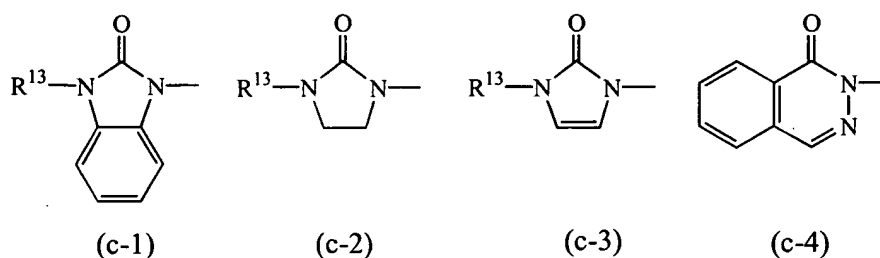
R¹¹ and R¹² each independently are hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, or

R¹¹ and R¹² combined with the nitrogen atom bearing R¹¹ and R¹² may form a pyrrolidinyll or piperidinyll ring both being optionally substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl, amino or mono or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, or said R¹¹ and R¹² combined with the nitrogen bearing R¹¹ and R¹² may form a piperazinyll or 4-morpholinyll radical both being optionally substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl; and

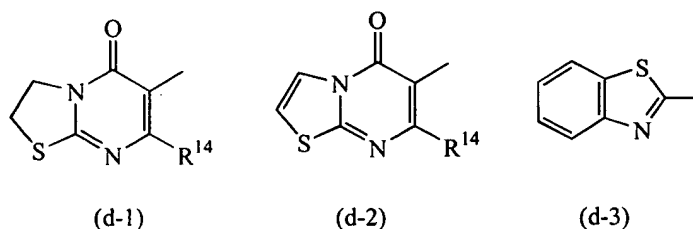
Het¹ and Het² each independently are selected from furan; furan substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl or halo; tetrahydrofuran; a tetrahydrofuran substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl; a dioxolane; a dioxolane substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl, a dioxane; a dioxane substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl; tetrahydropyran; a tetrahydropyran substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl; pyrrolidinyll; pyrrolidinyll substituted with one or two substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, cyano, or C₁₋₆alkyl; pyridinyll; pyridinyll substituted with one or two substituents each

independently selected from halo, hydroxy, cyano, C₁₋₆alkyl; pyrimidinyl; pyrimidinyl substituted with one or two substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, cyano, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, amino and mono and di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino; pyridazinyl; pyridazinyl substituted with one or two substituents each independently selected from hydroxy, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, C₁₋₆alkyl or halo; pyrazinyl; pyrazinyl substituted with one or two substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, cyano, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, amino, mono- and di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino and C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl;

Het¹ can also be a radical of formula



Het¹ and Het² each independently can also be selected from the radicals of formula



R¹³ and R¹⁴ each independently are hydrogen or C₁₋₄alkyl; and wherein the -OR⁴ radical is situated at any position of the central piperidine moiety other than the 4 position.

- Claim 2. **(Previously presented)** A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein the -OR⁴ radical is situated at the 3-position of the central piperidine moiety having the trans configuration.
- Claim 3. **(Cancelled)**
- Claim 4. **(Previously presented)** A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein L is C₃₋₆cycloalkyl or C₂₋₆alkenyl; or L is a radical of formula (b-1), wherein each Alk is C₁₋₆alkanediyl, and R⁶ is hydrogen, hydroxy, cyano, amino, C₁₋₆alkylsulfonylamino, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl or Het¹, wherein Het¹ is tetrahydrofuran; dioxolane; dioxolane substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl; tetrahydropyran; pyridazinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halo and C₁₋₆alkyl; or a radical of formula (c-1), (c-3) or (c-4) wherein R¹³ is C₁₋₄alkyl; or L is a radical of formula (b-2), wherein Alk is C₁₋₆alkanediyl, X is O, and R⁷ is C₁₋₆alkyl or hydroxyc₁₋₆alkyl; or L is a radical of formula (b-2), wherein Alk is C₁₋₆alkanediyl, R⁷ is Het² wherein Het² is pyrazinyl substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl, and X is NR⁸ wherein R⁸ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl; or L is a radical of formula (b-3) wherein Y is a direct bond, and R⁹ is C₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxy or C₁₋₆alkyloxy; or L is a radical of formula (b-4) wherein Y is a direct bond, and R¹¹ and R¹² are C₁₋₆alkyl, or R¹¹ and R¹² combined with the nitrogen atom bearing R¹¹ and R¹² form pyrrolidinyl.
- Claim 5. **(Previously presented)** A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein L is butyl; propyl substituted with methoxy, methylcarbonyl or 2-methyl-1,3-dioxolane; ethyl substituted with 4-methyl-2-pyridazinone or tetrahydropyranyl; or methyl substituted with tetrahydrofuranyl or tetrahydropyranyl.
- Claim 6. **(Previously presented)** A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein the compound is

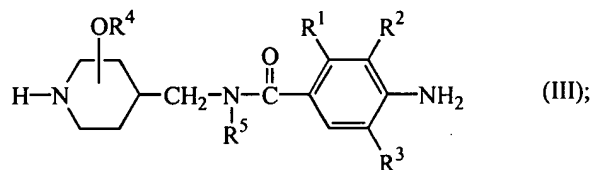
(trans)-(-)-4-amino-5-chloro-2,3-dihydro-*N*-[[3-hydroxy-1-(3-methoxypropyl)-4-piperidiny]methyl]-2,2-dimethyl-7-benzofurancarboxamide; a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt or an *N*-oxide form thereof.

Claim 7. **(Currently amended)** A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically active amount of a compound according to ~~any~~ of claim 1.

Claim 8. **(Cancelled)**

Claim 9. **(Cancelled)**

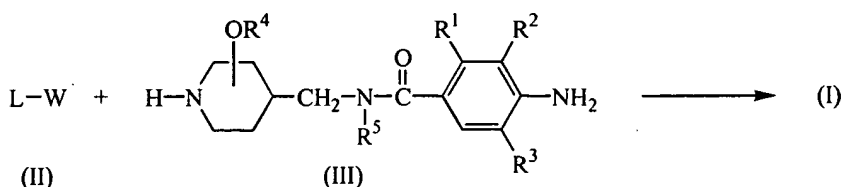
Claim 10. **(Currently amended)** A compound of formula (III)



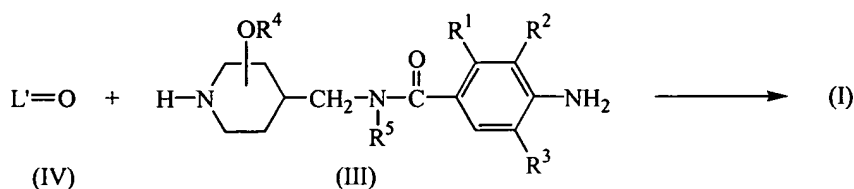
a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof or a stereochemically isomeric form thereof, wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 are as defined in claim 1 for compounds of formula (I) and wherein the $-OR^4$ radical is situated at any position of the central piperidine moiety other than the 4 position.

Claim 11. **(Currently amended)** A process for preparing a compound of formula (I) wherein

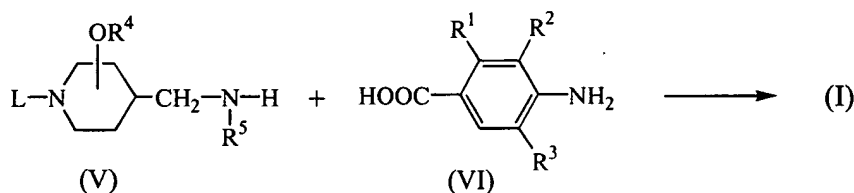
- a) an intermediate of formula (II) is *N*-alkylated with an intermediate of formula (III) in a reaction-inert solvent and, optionally in the presence of a suitable base,



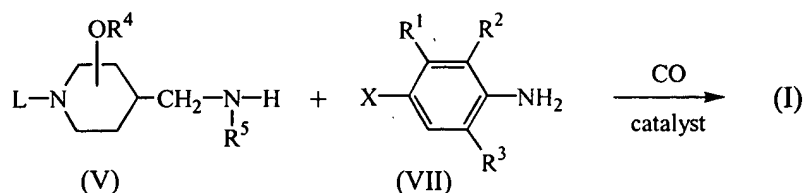
- b) an appropriate ketone or aldehyde intermediate of formula $L'=O$ (IV), said $L'=O$ being a compound of formula $L-H$, wherein two geminal hydrogen atoms in the C_{1-12} alkanediyl moiety are replaced by $=O$, is reacted with an intermediate of formula (III);



- c) an intermediate of formula (V) is reacted with an carboxylic acid derivative of formula (VI) or a reactive functional derivative thereof;



- d) an intermediate of formula (VII), wherein X is bromo or iodo, is carbonylated in the presence of an intermediate of formula (V) in a reaction-inert solvent in the presence of a suitable catalyst and a tertiary amine, and at a temperature ranging between room temperature and the reflux temperature of the reaction mixture;



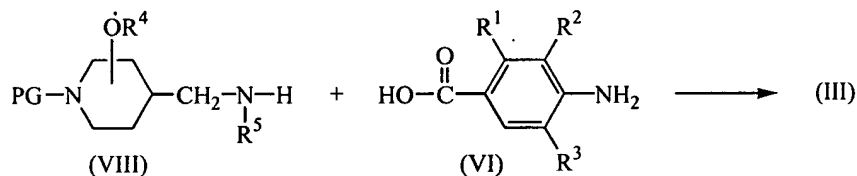
wherein in the above reaction schemes the radicals L , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 are as defined in claim 1 and wherein the $-\text{OR}^4$ radical is situated at any

position of the central piperidine moiety other than the 4 position, and W is an appropriate leaving group;

- e) or, compounds of formula (I) are converted into each other following art-known transformation reactions; or if desired; a compound of formula (I) is converted into a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt, or conversely, an acid addition salt of a compound of formula (I) is converted into a free base form with alkali; and, if desired, preparing stereochemically isomeric forms thereof.

Claim 12. **(Currently amended)** A process for preparing a compound of formula (III) wherein

- a) an intermediate of formula (VIII), wherein PG is an appropriate protective group, is reacted with an acid of formula (VI), or an appropriate reactive functional derivative thereof, in a reaction-inert solvent and subsequent deprotection of the protecting group PG yielding compounds of formula (III);



wherein in the above reaction schemes the radicals L, R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ are as defined in claim 1 and wherein the -OR⁴ radical is situated at any position of the central piperidine moiety other than the 4 position, and W is an appropriate leaving group;

- b) or, compounds of formula (III) are converted into each other following art-known transformation reactions; or if desired; a compound of formula (III) is converted into an acid addition salt, or conversely, an acid addition salt of a compound of formula (III) is converted into a free base form with alkali; and, if desired, preparing stereochemically isomeric forms thereof.

Claim 13. **(Previously presented)**: A method of treating conditions involving a decreased gastro-intestinal motility comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.